# TRAILER/AMPHIBIOUS BOAT SAFETY CHECKLIST



Please complete this section prior to the Vessel Safety Check. This page is retained by the Office. For Amphibious boats such as Sealegs, write NA Amphibious for trailer questions.

Member Details	
Name:	Phone:
Email:	
Vessel Details	
Vessel Name:	Make:
Model:	Colour:
LOA: Length Overall	VHF Call sign:
Trailer Rego:	
Engine Type: Outboard Stern Drive	Shaft Drive Jet Other
Engine: Single Twin	
Engine Make:	Engine HP:
Names of co-owners/alternative skippers: Note: Of	BC membership required for all owners.
Owner 1:	Owner 2:
Owner 3:	Owner 4:
	sing this vessel, each user must undergo a trailer reversing it sign the declaration below on behalf of all named users of
Disclaimer/Declaration	
	BC Vessel Safety Check. The OBC vessel safety check is not
of the vessel named above, I agree on behalf of the	gine(s) or auxiliary equipment. Once passed as the owner others listed above to maintain / update the safety
equipment to the required standard:	cancer accept to mammam, appears and sales,
Name:	Signature:
Date:	

### Please return this page to the OBC Administration Office following vessel safety check. This page is to be completed by the vessel inspector.

Membership Stick	ers Issued?	Yes	No	Serial No.:				
New Members Night Book Details Checked? Date Attended:								
Boating Safety Questionnaire: All answers completed?								
Current member o	hange of Boat: Ye	es		No				
Items requiring re	-inspection				Re-Inspe	ction Complete		
1.								
2.								
3.								
Notes								
Inspectors Name:					Signed:			
Date:								
Final Inspection								
Inspectors Name:					Signed:			
Date:								

**Note:** Final Inspection <u>Must</u> be carried out within two months of the first failed safety check.

## To be retained by the Primary Skipper of the vessel. The OBC recommends all members hold a Coastguard Membership. For Amphibious boats such as Sealegs, write NA for trailer questions.

#### 1. Length Overall

Vessel to be measured if necessary (Measurement to be entered on page 1).

Vessels LOA 7.9m or longer (26ft) must use the eastern ramps. Owner advised.

#### 2. Boat name and Identification. For more information, ref. page 5.

Names must be displayed on both sides and be legible by day from a distance at least 50 meters. Boat name must be clearly shown on the left side of the trailer draw bar looking from the rear.

#### 3. Boat Trailer

Trailer must have a current WOF.

Winch and cables must be in good working condition, the cable must not be frayed or rusty.

#### 4. Navigation Lights. For more information, ref page 6.

Navigation and anchor lights must be working and conform to MNZ rules.

#### 5. Anchors and Chains. For more information, <u>ref. page 5.</u>

Anchor should be of a suitable size for boat.

Suitably sized chain at least 1.5 x vessel length (pref. longer) and in good condition.

The anchor warp must be a minimum of 50 metres in length.

A spare anchor, chain, and warp is recommended, not required.

#### 6. Docking Lines & Boat Hook.

Suitable docking line. Recommended to be 1.5 times the length of the boat with a 10mm diameter and spliced looped ends are recommended, not required.

A suitable boat hook.

#### 7. Fire Extinguishers. For more information, ref. page 5.

Vessels of less than 6m length overall a 2kg (or sum of total) Portable fire extinguisher or equivalent. Vessels from 6 to 12m length overall a 2.5kg (or sum of total) Portable fire extinguisher or equivalent. All vessels with petrol inboard engines need a working bilge blower.

#### 8. First Aid Kit. For more information, ref. page 6.

A suitable first aid kit must be available.

#### 9. Emergency Beacons & Flares (EPIRB and/or PLB required). For more information, <u>ref. page 5.</u>

EPIRB or Personal Locator Beacon (PLB) to be carried.

Two currently dated red distress flares and one daytime orange smoke flare in watertight plastic container.

2 x Parachute Flares (Accepted in place of EPIRB or PLB until their expiry).

#### 10. Life Jackets. For more information, ref. page 5.

Suitable lifejackets supplied for all people aboard.

Note: Auckland Transport Bylaws state, Personal Flotation devices must be worn in times of heightened risk and on vessels six meters of length or less.

#### 11. Navigation Equipment, Charts and Publication. For more information, ref. page 6.

Two forms of navigation must be carried on board the vessel:

GPS navigation unit fixed to vessel.

Or:

Mobile device with navigation application (eg: Navionics).

Or۰

Chart NZ532 Approaches to Auckland.

Publication dealing with safety at sea is recommended, not required.

#### 12. Bailing

One robust bucket (minimum).

A working bilge pump, for vessels 6m and above.

#### 13. Robust Knife/ Hacksaw

A sheathed robust knife.

#### 14. Torch/Flashlight For more information, ref. page 6.

A torch powered independently of the boat batteries.

Spare torch or batteries.

#### 15. Compass. For more information, ref. page 6.

A fixed or handheld compass is recommended, not required.

#### 16. VHF Radio, VHF Call Sign & Horn. For more information, ref. page 6.

A VHF marine radio and Call Sign is compulsory. Callsign should be displayed close to VHF radio.

A VHF marine radio operator's licence.

Radio test call to Coastguard completed.

A suitable loud horn is recommended, not required.

#### 17. Club Pennant (Provided once safety check passed). For more information, ref. page 6.

A means of flying the club pennant so it is visible preferably from all sides whilst at sea.

Pennant should be in good condition (for change of vessel check only).

#### 18. Battery Mounting & Condition

All batteries are secured to the boat hull with straps or brackets to prevent them from breaking free under rough sea conditions.

Battery terminals clean, dry and corrosion free.

Suitably sized battery jump pack to vessel engine(s) recommended, not required

#### 19. Trailer Boat Launch & Retrieval Evaluation. For more information, ref. page 5.

Demonstrate the ability to launch and retrieve your vessel safely.

#### 20. Man Overboard

Demonstrate how a man overboard (MOB) will be able to re-board the vessel without assistance. Emergency throw rope in a specifically designed bag to allow accurate and easy deployment is recommended, not required.

#### 21. Kill Cord

If a kill cord is installed on vessel, it should be used at all times.

#### **Additional Notes & Recommendations to Vessel Safety Check List**

Boat name and Identification (Manufacturer, model or trade name not accepted).

Names must be displayed on the side of the vessel, refer to Auckland Council Navigation Bylaw 2021.

#### **Fire Extinguishers**

Fire Extinguishers of an approved type currently certified and / or serviced within the previous 12 months, stored pressure multi-purpose dry chemical for classes A,B,C or A,B,E.

Skippers should shake and turn dry powder types monthly and regularly check to see when last serviced or weighed. Aerosol extinguishers are only acceptable as secondary units.

(The larger the extinguisher the better). If cooking facilities are present, one extinguisher should be installed within easy reach. One extinguisher should be installed close to the location of the engine.

We recommend a fire blanket is readily accessible by cooking facilities as these are effective for smothering a small fire without the mess left behind after using a powder extinguisher. N.B. If dry powder extinguishers have been used to extinguish a fire on an aluminium vessel, any powder or resulting residue in the vessel should be thoroughly washed away as soon as possible to avoid metal corrosion, especially where rivets are present.

#### **Emergency Beacons (EPIRB and/or PLB)**

A Personal Locator Beacon (PLB) 406 MHz OR EPIRB, 406 MHz (marine) must be carried on all trailer and amphibious boats at the club.

The EPIRB or PLB should be fitted with GPS and must have a minimum of 12 months battery life remaining. The 406 MHz EPIRB and/or PLB must be registered with the Rescue Coordination Centre New Zealand (RCCNZ) at <a href="https://www.beacons.org.nz">www.beacons.org.nz</a>. (Note: the old 121.5 MHz EPIRB is no longer supported.)

#### **Life Jackets**

All foam filled life jackets should comply with NZS 5823 or you must provide proof of MNZ approval. (Kapok filled jackets are <u>not</u> acceptable.) Inflatable life jackets must be marked with either: NZ, Australian, European, or US Standards. All life jackets must have a flotation collar. It is recommended a pea-less whistle is also attached. Buoyancy vests are <u>not</u> acceptable as life jackets. Small children's life jackets <u>must</u> have a crotch strap fitted.

A life jackets must be carried for each person on board the vessel and must be in good condition. Unconscious people will respond better if they hear their name called. If not worn because when not underway they should be readily accessible and located where everyone knows where they are. At least one of the life jackets should have 5 -10 metres of 5 - 6mm rope attached to it. This will allow a group in the water to attach themselves together so that no one will drift away.

#### Launching and Retrieving trailer boats at the OBC

Ensure you prepare your boat for launching <u>well clear of the ramps</u> to avoid traffic congestion.

#### At no time are you allowed to launch or retrieve your boat with the aid of the motor.

All boats must be reversed away from the launching ramp, please don't turn boats around at the ramps. When retrieving your boat ensure all mooring lines are inside your boat before towing your boat and trailer out of the water, also ensure that mooring lines are inside the boat before leaving the jetty and heading out to sea.

No persons are permitted to be on board the vessel while the boat is on a trailer and the trailer is moving. You should be able to remove your boat safety chain at the ramp without the aid of pliers or a spanner. Rollers and pads should be regularly checked and lubricated. Your boat should move freely off and on to your trailer. It is advisable to keep the wheel hubs clear of the salt water if possible. "Bearing Buddy" type protectors are also advisable to protect bearings.

All boats should be suitably secured to the trailer including boat safety chain before moving away from the ramp.

#### **Anchors and Chains**

Recommended Chain size.

- Vessel length between 4 and 8 meters = 6mm minimum diameter chain.
- Vessel length between 8 and 14 metres overall = 8mm minimum diameter chain.

#### **Navigation Lights**

Always check to see that all lights are still working prior to using the boat. Navigation lights must be used in times of restricted visibility and not only during the hours of darkness.

For details on the regulations refer the publication "Safety in Small Craft".

#### **Docking Lines**

It is recommended docking lines be a minimum rope diameter of 10 mm, as thin ropes can more easily cause skin burns. All cleats should be checked regularly and be strong enough to hold mooring lines in all weather conditions. It is recommended to also carry spare lines for emergencies.

#### **First Aid Kit**

The severity of any accident cannot be pre-determined prior to the accident, extra bandages, plasters and sterile pad are recommended. Check the expiry dates of the contents carried in the kits. All boats should carry and you should be familiar with a copy of "Hypothermia First Aid" (available from Water Safety NZ, also covered in "Safety in Small Craft).

#### **Navigation Aids, Charts and Literature**

Current marine charts should be carried and updated in either digital or hard copy form.

If in doubt about a buoy, marker, symbol, light, flag or what action to take, check charts or book immediately. A highly recommended reference is the publication "Safety in Small Craft".

#### Torch/Flashlight

The torch is to be independently powered for use in times when the boat's batteries have failed. We recommend spare bulbs stow the in the first aid kit. A second operational powerful torch is a better standby than a spare bulb and battery.

#### Compass

It is recommended that all vessels should carry a reliable compass for use in foggy or low visibility conditions. This can be either a fixed or hand-held device. It is recommended that launches also have a hand-held compass for use in a dinghy should it be needed as a life raft.

#### VHF Radio, VHF Call Sign

A Marine VHF radio (hand held or fitted) is compulsory for all types of boats. Other boats are likely to hear a distress call over the radio (e.g. VHF channel 16), whilst mobile phones are limited to the person being called, effectively a "collective security". Call Signs are available from Coastguard Boating Education.

It is recommended you lodge trip reports with Coastguard using your VHF or the Coastguard App and a person ashore to raise the alarm if the TR is not closed via the VHF.

TR logged via the App, and not closed, will trigger a text message to the emergency contact listed.

#### **Club Pennant and Identification Stickers**

Club boats should fly the club pennant at all times when at sea once passed the Vessel Safety Check. Be proud of the club and the high level of safety at sea we represent.

OBC membership stickers should be placed on left side of car windscreen, boat windscreen, and trailer drawbar.

#### **Tool Kit**

All boats going to sea should carry a tool kit, spare fuses, spark plugs etc. Your type of boat will dictate your tool kit.

#### Refuelling

Club by laws and resource consent prohibit refuelling within the club boundaries apart from at the designated fuel jetty accessible only by water at the end of "B" pier.

#### **Club House**

The clubhouse and facilities are available to all Club members for your use. Please leave the clubhouse clean and tidy for others.

For safety reasons it is essential that you carry out regular maintenance on your boat and all its equipment.